



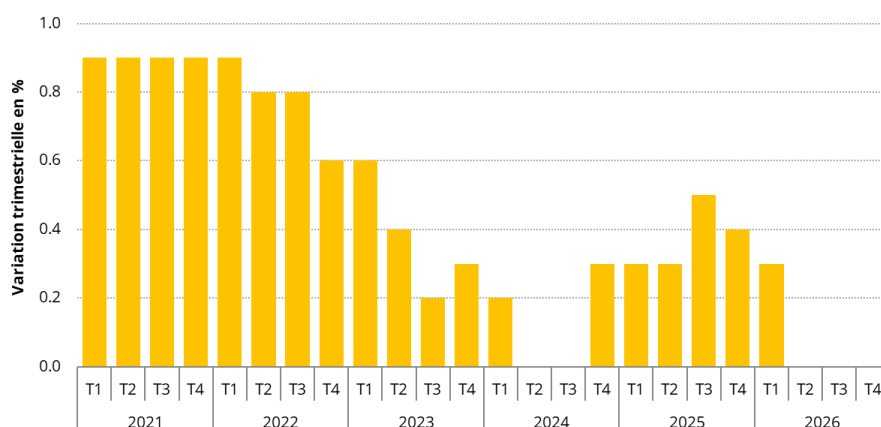
Domestic payroll employment in the first quarter of 2026: +0.3% quarter-on-quarter, +1.5% year-on-year

Quarter-on-quarter growth in salaried employment remains moderate: +0.3% compared with the fourth quarter of 2025. Year-on-year, growth stands at 1.5% (the same as in the fourth quarter of 2025). As in previous quarters, it is the public administration and other public services sectors (+1.0% quarter-on-quarter) that are showing the strongest growth. As for the construction sector, the number of employees remained virtually stable in the first quarter of 2026 (+0.1% compared with the fourth quarter of 2025).

The administration and other public services sector continues to stand out as the most dynamic sector (+1.0% quarter-on-quarter, +4.3% year-on-year). It was primarily central government services and social welfare activities (excluding residential care) for the elderly and people with disabilities that recorded the strongest growth over the course of a year. Employment in the construction sector, having stabilised in the^{fourth} quarter, showed a slight increase in the^{first} quarter (+0.1% quarter-on-quarter). However, it remains 0.9% lower than at the start of 2025 (other specialised construction activities suffered the greatest job losses over this period).

In the first quarter of 2026, the number of cross-border workers rose more sharply than that of residents (+0.6% compared with +0.1%). The number of German cross-border workers fell again by 0.2% compared with the fourth quarter of 2025, whilst the number of French cross-border workers rose by 1.1%.

CHANGES IN DOMESTIC PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT (COMPARED WITH THE PREVIOUS QUARTER)



Source: STATEC, National Accounts, seasonally adjusted data

CHANGES IN DOMESTIC PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT

	2025	2025					2026				
		T1	T2	T3	T4	T1	T1	T2	T3	T4	T1
	Nombre de personnes	Variation en % sur un trimestre*					Variation en % sur un an**				
Emploi salarié intérieur	490 869	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.5	1.5
Pays de résidence et nationalité											
Résidents au Luxembourg	260 708	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.9	1.2	1.6	1.7	1.2
Luxembourgeois	129 370	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.3	1.6	2.0	2.4	2.6	2.1
Communautaires (UE27 + UK)	101 433	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-0.3	-0.5	-1.3	-1.2	-0.7	-0.7	-1.2
Non communautaires	29 905	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.0	6.1	6.1	6.0	6.2	5.5
Frontaliers	230 161	-0.1	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	1.0	1.1	1.9
Belgique	51 223	-0.3	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.2	-0.9	-0.6	-0.1	0.2	0.7
Allemagne	51 536	-0.7	-0.2	0.0	-0.2	-0.2	-0.9	-1.1	-0.9	-1.1	-0.6
France	127 402	0.2	0.6	0.9	0.8	1.1	1.6	1.7	2.3	2.5	3.4
Sexe											
Hommes	284 141	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.5	1.0	1.2	1.3
Femmes	206 728	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.3	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.9	1.8
Branche d'activité (NACE Rév.2)											
Industrie (extractive, manufacturière, énergie et déchets)	38 005	-0.2	0.2	-0.1	0.1	0.2	-0.6	-0.3	-0.2	0.0	0.4
Construction	47 402	-0.5	-0.7	-0.2	0.0	0.1	-3.3	-2.6	-2.0	-1.3	-0.9
Commerce, transport, hébergement et restauration	107 126	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.7	1.1	1.0	0.5
Information et communication	21 617	-0.6	-0.3	0.1	0.2	-0.1	-2.2	-2.6	-1.7	-0.7	-0.1
Activités financières et d'assurance	55 319	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.7	1.0	0.7	0.6
Activités spécialisées et services de soutien	84 701	-0.2	0.0	1.0	0.2	0.5	1.1	0.7	1.5	1.1	1.7
Administration et autres services publics	113 411	1.0	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.0	3.9	3.7	4.1	4.4	4.3
Autres activités	23 288	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.3	1.6	2.1	2.4	2.3	2.0

Source: Comptes nationaux

*données corrigées des variations saisonnières

** données brutes

Methodological note:

Employment estimates are based on the concept of national accounts and are compiled in accordance with the European System of National and Regional Accounts 2010 (ESA 2010), which defines employment in line with the criteria of the International Labour Organisation (ILO).

Data on domestic wage-earner employment include all wage-earners employed within the national territory, thus including cross-border workers living beyond the national border who come to work in the Grand Duchy, and exclude resident wage-earners working abroad and international civil servants residing in the country. The unit of measurement is the person. Thus, a person working part-time counts as one person, just as a person holding two part-time posts does. Nor is there any conversion to full-time equivalents.

Employment estimates in the national accounts may differ from those in other statistics, such as social security registrations published by the IGSS (which include employees who do not work within the national territory and do not distinguish by economic activity), or from surveys, notably the Labour Force Survey (which does not cover cross-border workers).

The data are seasonally adjusted and are subject to revision. For cyclical analysis and quarter-on-quarter changes, the data are seasonally adjusted, whilst year-on-year changes are calculated using raw data.

Long-term time series, both raw and seasonally adjusted, are available in the ['Labour Market'](#) section of the Statistics Portal.

Data are released once a quarter, 75 days after the end of the reference period (T+75 days).

For further information

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This publication was produced by Marco Schockmel.

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